1	SVEPM 2022, the annual conference of the Society for Veterinary Epidemiology and
2	Preventive Medicine: a joyful hybrid meeting after two years online
3	Fernanda C. Dórea ^{a,b} , Timothée Vergne ^{a,c} , Carla Correia-Gomes ^{a,d} , Luís Pedro Carmo ^{a,e, f} , Egil
4	A.J. Fischer ^{a,g} , Dave C. Brodbelt ^{a,h} , Philip A. Robinson ^{a,i} , and Gerdien van Schaik ^{a, j} ,
5	^a The Society for Veterinary Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine
6	^b Department of Disease Control and Epidemiology, National Veterinary Institute, Uppsala, Sweden.
7	SE 75 189. E-mail address: fernanda.dorea@sva.se
8	^c UMR IHAP, Université de Toulouse, INRAE, ENVT, Toulouse, France
9	^d Animal Health Ireland, Carrick-on-Shannon, Ireland, N41 WN27. E-mail address:
10	cgomes@animalhealthireland.ie
11	^e Norwegian Veterinary Institute, Ås, Norway.
12	^f Veterinary Public Health Institute, Vetsuisse Faculty, University of Bern, Liebefeld, Switzerland.
13	^g Department of Population Health Sciences, Unit Farm Animal Health, Utrecht University, Utrecht,
14	the Netherlands
15	^h Veterinary Epidemiology, Economics and Public Health Group, Royal Veterinary College, London, UK
16	ⁱ Department of Animal Health, Behaviour and Welfare, Harper Adams University, Newport,
17	Shropshire, TF10 8NB, United Kingdom
18	^j Royal GD, Deventer, the Netherlands
19	
20	

21 The 2022 Annual Meeting of the Society for Veterinary Epidemiology and Preventive Medicine 22 (SVEPM) occurred as planned, as a physical meeting after two years of COVID-19 contingency measures, hosted in Belfast, Northern Ireland, from 23rd to 25th of March, 2022. Thanks to the local 23 organising committee, chaired by Dr. Fraser Menzies, optional online participation was offered to 24 25 delegates. While the SVEPM committee did their best to maintain the Society's annual meeting as an 26 opportunity to network with peers and stay up to date with the latest research in veterinary 27 epidemiology, after two years of online conferences the advantages of meeting in person became 28 clearly evident. It didn't come without cost – some delegates were reported sick during and after the 29 event, and we were all reminded of the reasons that kept us distant for two years. Yet, we are proud 30 of the engagement of our peers, and particularly happy about being able to offer the opportunity for 31 those who recently started their scientific career under lock-down conditions, to join a community of 32 peers through the young scientist event that traditionally precedes the conference.

33 The committee reviewed 46 abstracts and prepared a scientific programme that included 21 oral 34 presentations and 59 posters. The number of abstracts and posters were both lower than usual, 35 following the trend of decreasing engagement since the COVID-19 pandemic, which we hope next 36 year will change. The quality of abstracts, oral presentations and posters was however not affected, 37 and delegates could enjoy a rich, high quality scientific programme. As per tradition, six workshops 38 were offered on the first conference morning: Veterinary clinical epidemiology: the basics; Inferential 39 modelling with wide data: use of regularisation, variable stability and triangulation to enhance 40 interpretation of results; Spatial visualisation of health events: A hands-on practical with R; 41 Introduction to Game Theory and its applications to animal health; Disease outbreak investigations: 42 practical epidemiological considerations; and Substantiating freedom from infection: available 43 statistical methods to prove freedom from infection in an output-based framework. 44 On March 23rd, the President Prof. Gerdien van Schaik opened the conference and gave the floor to 45 Dr. Robert Huey, Chief Veterinary Officer for Northern Ireland, who opened the scientific

46 programme with the talk "The role of vets on the national stage". The programme continued over

47 the three conference days with the 21 oral presentations and poster viewings. On Friday March 25th,

48 Prof. Julie Fitzpatrick delivered the traditional Gareth Davies Lecture, closing the scientific

49 programme with a presentation entitled "Science Based Policy - not just about Animal Disease!".

Ten of those who delivered oral presentations at the conference chose to contribute to this special issue. After judicious peer-review, six manuscripts were published as part of this special issue – their variety of topics and methods applied are an excellent representation of the quality and diversity of the 21 oral presentations held during the 2022 SVEPM conference.

54 The range of animal species and production systems studied covered companion animals (Elkholly et 55 al., 2023); various livestock - pigs (Merca et al., 2022), small ruminants (Begovoeva et al., 2023) and dairy cattle (Bisschop et al., 2023; Wicaksono et al., 2023); and aquaculture (Moriarty et al., 2023). 56 57 Most studies were carried out in developed countries, but Begovoeva et al. (2023) presented a cross-58 sectional study estimating the true prevalence of foot-and-mouth (FMD) disease in backyard small 59 ruminants in Nigeria, along with a comprehensive study of risk factor and spatial patterns for the 60 disease. Statistical methods applied ranged from different types of regression models with varying 61 level of complexity (Bisschop et al., 2023; Elkholly et al., 2023; Wicaksono et al., 2023) to 62 probabilistic disease risk assessment models (Moriarty et al., 2023) and time-series analyses of 63 syndromic surveillance data (Merca et al., 2022).

The conclusions of these papers will contribute to informing prevention and control strategies covering a range of health threats and the challenges of responding to them, including refining management practices (Bisschop et al., 2023; Merca et al., 2022; Wicaksono et al., 2023), targeting specific infectious and parasitic diseases (Begovoeva et al., 2023; Merca et al., 2022; Moriarty et al., 2023), antimicrobial resistance (Bisschop et al., 2023; Elkholly et al., 2023) and health as a whole (Merca et al., 2023), both at farm and population levels.

70	As we continue to struggle with global spread of COVID-19 and other emerging and re-emerging
71	threats, we reiterate our thanks to the organising committees of the last two years, who made this
72	initiative possible under the strained circumstances we faced. This year, we are especially grateful for
73	this opportunity to meet our peers again. We thank Dr. Fraser Menzies for making it possible, and
74	we thank the 232 delegates who joined us at the conference, in particular the keynote
75	speakers, the oral presenters, and the authors who chose to contribute to this special issue.
76	

77 References

- M. Begovoeva, D.O. Ehizibolo, A.J. Adedeji, M.O. Oguche, O. Oyekan, S.I. Ijoma, R.B. Atai, Y. Wungak,
 B.B. Dogonyaro, D.D. Lazarus, M. Samson, H. Ularamu, M. Muhammad, F. Rosso, K.J.
 Sumption, P.M. Beard, A.B. Ludi, K.B. Stevens, G.Limon, Factors associated with foot-andmouth disease seroprevalence in small ruminants and identification of hot-spot areas in
 northern Nigeria, Preventive Veterinary Medicine, Volume 212, 2023.
 <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2023.105842</u>.
- P.I.H. Bisschop, I.M.G.A. Santman-Berends, G.H. Nijhoving, J. Muskens, G. van Schaik. Longevity and
 the association with cattle health in Dutch dairy farms, Preventive Veterinary Medicine,
 Volume 210, 2023. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2022.105797.
- D. Elkholly, A. Fraser, R. Booth, D. O'Neill, A. Mateus, L. Brunton, D. Brodbelt, Antimicrobial usage in
 farm animal practices in the UK: A mixed-methods approach, Preventive Veterinary Medicine,
 Volume 213, 2023. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2023.105870</u>.
- C. Merca, I. Clemensson Lindell, L. Ernholm, L. Eliasson Selling, T.P. Nunes, M. Sjölund, F.C. Dórea.
 Veterinary syndromic surveillance using swine production data for farm health management
 and early disease detection, Preventive Veterinary Medicine, Volume 205, 2022.
 <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2022.105659</u>.
- M. Moriarty, S.C. Ives, J.M. Murphy, A.G. Murray, Modelling parasite impacts of aquaculture on wild
 fish: The case of the salmon louse (Lepeophtheirus salmonis) on out-migrating wild Atlantic
 salmon (Salmo salar) smolt, Preventive Veterinary Medicine, Volume 214, 2023.
 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2023.105888.
- A. Wicaksono, B.H.P. van den Borne, W. Steeneveld, T. van Werven, H. Hogeveen. Hormone use for reproductive diseases and heat induction in relation to herd-level reproductive performance in Dutch dairy farms, Preventive Veterinary Medicine, Volume 211, 2023.
 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2022.105832.

102